Imagine a snake with a body so brightly colored, it looks like it's wearing a party costume! This is the Eastern Coral Snake, a small, thin snake with a head that barely stands out from its body. Its skin is covered with a pattern of red, yellow, and black bands that make it one of the most recognizable snakes in the world. But don't let its festive look fool you, this snake has a serious side too.

Speaking of serious, when it comes to mealtime, the Eastern Coral Snake is all business. Its favorite foods are small lizards and other snakes, which it catches using its short, fixed front fangs. The Eastern Coral Snake is a connoisseur of the 'grab-and-hold' style of dining, which means it holds onto its food while injecting it with venom. Even though this might sound scary, it is just part of how the Eastern Coral Snake survives in the wild.



This wild habitat of theirs is mostly in the southeastern United States. They like to live in forested or marshy areas where they can hide under leaf litter or in burrows. Eastern Coral Snakes are oviparous, which means they lay eggs, with the babies, called hatchlings, born fully formed. These hatchlings grow into adults who shed their skin several times a year, a process known as molting.



Now, you might be thinking, 'Do Eastern Coral Snakes and humans get along?' Well, they are shy and prefer to avoid humans, but if they feel threatened, they can bite to defend themselves. Their venom is very potent, but bites are rare because these snakes would rather hide or run away. In nature, every creature has its place, and for the Eastern Coral Snake, that place is being a quiet, colorful part of the world's amazing biodiversity.



Eastern Coral Snake

#### Solve each problem.

	the article to answer the question.		2					
1)	<ul> <li>What do Eastern Coral Snakes do several times a year?</li> <li>A. Hibernate</li> <li>B. Change their color</li> </ul>							
	C. Shed their skin		Grow new fangs					
	C. Shed then skin	D.	Grow new rangs					
2)	Where can Eastern Coral Snakes be found?							
	A. In the mountains of Asia.	В.	In the rainforests of South America.					
	C. In the southeastern United States.	D.	In the deserts of Africa.					
3)	Where in their habitat do Eastern Coral Snake	es li	ke to hide?					
,	A. Under leaf litter or in burrows	B.	In tree branches or in bird nests					
	C. Under rocks or in caves	D.	In water or in swampy areas					
4)	How does a bite from an eastern coral snake a	affe	ct humans?					
•)	A. It is painless.		Coral snakes do not bite.					
	C. It is very dangerous.		It causes temporary dizziness.					
_								
5)	What is the name for the process in which Ea							
	A. Molting		Shedding					
	C. Exfoliating	D.	Peeling					
6)	6) What is another term for the babies of Eastern Coral Snakes?							
	A. Larvae.	В.	Pups.					
	C. Hatchlings.	D.	Fry.					
7)	What color are the bands on the skin of the E	aste	rn Coral Snake?					
-	A. Red, white, and blue	B.	Blue, green, and yellow					
	C. Red, yellow, and black	D.	Orange, black, and white					
8)	What technique does the Eastern Coral Snake	1104	a to eat its food?					
0)	A. Hide and ambush							
	C. Grab and hold		Chase and conquer					
			Chuse and conquer					
9)	What is the Eastern Coral Snake's favorite for							
	A. Nuts and seeds.		Insects like spiders and ants.					
	C. Birds and their eggs.	D.	Small lizards and other snakes.					
10)	How does the Eastern Coral Snake catch its f	ood	?					
	A. By constricting its prey.	В.	Using its short, fixed front fangs.					
	C. By using its long, sharp teeth.	D.	By swallowing it whole.					
11)	What areas do Eastern Coral Snakes prefer for	or th	eir habitat?					
<b>.</b> .,	A. Urban areas		Mountainous areas					
	C. Forested or marshy areas		Desert areas					
		2.						

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Eastern (	Coral Snake	Name:
(12) Are eastern coral snakes aggressive towa	rds humans?	
A. Only the females are aggressive	B. No, they are shy humans.	y and prefer to avoid
C. Yes, they are often aggressive towards humans.	D. Only the males	are aggressive
13) Why are bites from Eastern Coral Snake	s rare?	
A. These snakes have poor aim	B. These snakes ar not to bite	e friendly and prefer
C. These snakes would rather hide or ru away	n D. These snakes lo	se their fangs with age

## Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 14) "Did you know we use our fangs to grab and hold our food while injecting it with venom?"
- 15) "You'll typically find me in icy, cold regions. I adore the snow!"
- 16) "I enjoy eating a diet that mainly consists of fruits and vegetables."
- 17) "Once I grow into an adult, I never shed my skin again!"
- 18) "You could spot us from a mile away with our bright red, yellow, and black stripes."
- **19**) "When we are hungry, we like to munch on small lizards and, believe it or not, other snakes!"
- 20) "I prefer living on tree tops."
- 21) "I give live birth to my little ones. They come out wriggling and ready to explore the world."
- 22) "I have the mildest venom among snakes, harmless to humans!"
- 23) "Our babies, called hatchlings, are already fully formed when they are born."
- 24) "My venom isn't that powerful. A bite from me is similar to a bee sting."
- **25**) "Even though our venom is potent, we hardly ever bite humans because we prefer to hide or run away."
- **26**) "I have large, retractable fangs that I use to catch my food."

### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 27) Eastern Coral Snakes shed their skin several times a year.
- **28)** It's interesting to watch an Eastern Coral Snake shed its skin.
- **29)** Eastern Coral Snakes prefer to hide under leaf litter or in burrows.
- **30**) Eastern Coral Snakes are beautiful creatures with their vibrant red, yellow, and black bands.
- **31**) Eastern Coral Snakes can be found in the southeastern part of the United States.
- **32)** It is disgusting that Eastern Coral Snakes will eat other snakes.
- **33**) Eastern Coral Snakes give birth to live young instead of laying eggs.
- **34**) Eastern Coral Snakes mostly live in forested or marshy areas.

#### Eastern Coral Snake

- **35**) It's impressive how the Eastern Coral Snake can hold its food and inject venom at the same time.
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#### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- 37) Eastern Coral Snakes are mostly found in the southeastern United States.
- **38)** Eastern Coral Snakes live in very tall trees in the rainforest.
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- **40)** Eastern Coral Snakes are found in the northern United States.
- 41) Eastern Coral Snakes shed their skin every year.
- 42) Eastern Coral Snakes live in deserts.
- 43) Eastern Coral Snakes are very aggressive and seek out humans to bite.
- 44) Eastern Coral Snakes eat only plants.
- **45)** Eastern Coral Snakes prefer to avoid humans.
- **46**) Eastern Coral Snakes lay eggs.

# Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **47)** Eastern coral snakes are great climbers and can be found in trees.
- **48)** Can eastern coral snakes swim?
- **49**) Eastern coral snakes are venomous.
- 50) Eastern coral snakes have red, yellow, and black colored bands on their bodies.
- 51) How do eastern coral snakes protect themselves?
- 52) Where do eastern coral snakes live?

		Eastern Coral Si	nake	Name:
1.	26.		51	
2.	27.		52.	
3.	28.			
4.	29.			
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21.	46.			
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23.	48.			
24.	49.			
25.	50.			
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Imagine a snake with a body so brightly colored, it looks like it's wearing a party costume! This is the Eastern Coral Snake, a small, thin snake with a head that barely stands out from its body. Its skin is covered with a pattern of red, yellow, and black bands that make it one of the most recognizable snakes in the world. But don't let its festive look fool you, this snake has a serious side too.

Speaking of serious, when it comes to mealtime, the Eastern Coral Snake is all business. Its favorite foods are small lizards and other snakes, which it catches using its short, fixed front fangs. The Eastern Coral Snake is a connoisseur of the 'grab-and-hold' style of dining, which means it holds onto its food while injecting it with venom. Even though this might sound scary, it is just part of how the Eastern Coral Snake survives in the wild.



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Now, you might be thinking, 'Do Eastern Coral Snakes and humans get along?' Well, they are shy and prefer to avoid humans, but if they feel threatened, they can bite to defend themselves. Their venom is very potent, but bites are rare because these snakes would rather hide or run away. In nature, every creature has its place, and for the Eastern Coral Snake, that place is being a quiet, colorful part of the world's amazing biodiversity.



Name: Answer Key

#### Solve each problem.

	<b>the article to answer the question.</b> What do Eastern Coral Snakes do several tim	es a	year?
	A. Hibernate		Change their color
	C. Shed their skin	D.	Grow new fangs
2)	Where can Eastern Coral Snakes be found?		
2)	A. In the mountains of Asia.	в	In the rainforests of South America.
	C. In the southeastern United States.		In the deserts of Africa.
3)	Where in their habitat do Eastern Coral Snake		
	A. Under leaf litter or in burrows		In tree branches or in bird nests
	C. Under rocks or in caves	D.	In water or in swampy areas
4)	How does a bite from an eastern coral snake a	affe	ct humans?
	A. It is painless.	В.	Coral snakes do not bite.
	C. It is very dangerous.	D.	It causes temporary dizziness.
5)	What is the name for the process in which Ea	ster	n Coral Snakes remove old skin?
-)	A. Molting		Shedding
	C. Exfoliating	D.	Peeling
0	What is another term for the babies of Eastern		and Spalace?
0)	A. Larvae.		Pups.
	C. Hatchlings.		Fry.
	-		•
7)	What color are the bands on the skin of the Ea		
	A. Red, white, and blue		Blue, green, and yellow
	C. Red, yellow, and black	D.	Orange, black, and white
8)	What technique does the Eastern Coral Snake	use	e to eat its food?
	A. Hide and ambush	В.	Stalk and pounce
	C. Grab and hold	D.	Chase and conquer
9)	What is the Eastern Coral Snake's favorite for	od?	
-)	A. Nuts and seeds.		Insects like spiders and ants.
	C. Birds and their eggs.		Small lizards and other snakes.
10)			
10)	How does the Eastern Coral Snake catch its fo		
	<ul><li>A. By constricting its prey.</li><li>C. By using its long sharp teeth</li></ul>		Using its short, fixed front fangs.
	C. By using its long, sharp teeth.	ש.	By swallowing it whole.
11)	What areas do Eastern Coral Snakes prefer for		
	A. Urban areas		Mountainous areas
	C. Forested or marshy areas	D.	Desert areas

	Eastern Con	ral Snake	Name:	Answer Key
12)	Are eastern coral snakes aggressive towards	s humans?		
	A. Only the females are aggressive	B. No, they are shy and humans.	prefer to avoid	
	C. Yes, they are often aggressive towards humans.	D. Only the males are a	ggressive	
13)	Why are bites from Eastern Coral Snakes ra	are?		
	A. These snakes have poor aim	B. These snakes are frie not to bite	endly and prefer	
	C. These snakes would rather hide or run away	D. These snakes lose the	eir fangs with ago	2

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		I	Eastern Coral S	nake		Name:	Answer Key
1.	С	26.	false	51.	interrogative	_	
2.	C	27.	fact	52.	interrogative		
3.	A	28.	opinion				
4.	С	29.	fact				
5.	A	30.	opinion				
6.	C	31.	fact				
7.	C	32.	opinion				
8.	C	33.	fact				
9.	D	34.	fact				
10.	B	35.	opinion				
11.	C	36.	opinion				
12.	<u> </u>	37.	true				
13.	C	38.	false				
14.	true	39.	true				
15.	false	40.	false				
16.	false	41.	true				
17.	false	42.	false				
18.	true	43.	false				
19.	true	44.	false				
20.	false	45.	true				
21.	false	46.	true				
22.	false	47.	declarative				
23.	true	48.	interrogative				
24.	false	49.	declarative				
25.	true	50.	declarative				
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Eastern Coral Snake

### Solve each problem.

	the article to answer the question.						
1)	What do Eastern Coral Snakes do several times a year? (paragraph 3)						
	А.	B. Change their color					
	C. Shed their skin	D.					
2)	Where can Eastern Coral Snakes be found? (paragraph 3)						
	А.	B. In the rainforests of South America.					
	C. In the southeastern United States.	D.					
3)	Where in their habitat do Eastern Coral Snake	Where in their habitat do Eastern Coral Snakes like to hide? (paragraph 3)					
	A. Under leaf litter or in burrows	B. In tree branches or in bird nests					
	С.	D.					
4)	How does a bite from an eastern coral snake	affect humans? (paragraph 4)					
,	A. It is painless.	B. Coral snakes do not bite.					
	C. It is very dangerous.	D.					
5)	*	stern Coral Snakes remove old skin? (paragraph 3)					
	A. Molting	B. Shedding					
	С.	D.					
6)	What is another term for the babies of Eastern						
	А.	B. Pups.					
	C. Hatchlings.	D.					
7)	What color are the bands on the skin of the E	astern Coral Snake? (paragraph 1)					
	A. Red, white, and blue	B. Blue, green, and yellow					
	C. Red, yellow, and black	D.					
8)	What technique does the Eastern Coral Snake	e use to eat its food? (paragraph 2)					
	A. Hide and ambush	B.					
	C. Grab and hold	D.					
<b>9</b> )	What is the Eastern Coral Snake's favorite for	$d^2$ (paragraph 2)					
")	A. Nuts and seeds.	B. Insects like spiders and ants.					
	C.	<ul><li>D. Small lizards and other snakes.</li></ul>					
		D. Small lizards and other shakes.					
10)	How does the Eastern Coral Snake catch its f						
	A. By constricting its prey.	B. Using its short, fixed front fangs.					
	С.	D.					
11)	What areas do Eastern Coral Snakes prefer for	or their habitat? (paragraph 3)					
	А.	B. Mountainous areas					
	C. Forested or marshy areas	D.					

	Eastern Coral Snake	Name:					
<b>12</b> ) Are eastern coral snak	12) Are eastern coral snakes aggressive towards humans? (paragraph 4)						
А.	B. No, they are sh	y and prefer to avoid					
	humans.						
С.	D.						