Imagine a snake with a body so brightly colored, it looks like it's wearing a party costume! This is the Eastern Coral Snake, a small, thin snake with a head that barely stands out from its body. Its skin is covered with a pattern of red, yellow, and black bands that make it one of the most recognizable snakes in the world. But don't let its festive look fool you, this snake has a serious side too.

Speaking of serious, when it comes to mealtime, the Eastern Coral Snake is all business. Its favorite foods are small lizards and other snakes, which it catches using its short, fixed front fangs. The Eastern Coral Snake is a



connoisseur of the 'grab-and-hold' style of dining, which means it holds onto its food while injecting it with venom. Even though this might sound scary, it is just part of how the Eastern Coral Snake survives in the wild.

This wild habitat of theirs is mostly in the southeastern United States. They like to live in forested or marshy areas where they can hide under leaf litter or in burrows. Eastern Coral Snakes are oviparous, which means they lay eggs, with the babies, called hatchlings, born fully formed. These hatchlings grow into adults who shed their skin several times a year, a process known as molting.



Now, you might be thinking, 'Do Eastern Coral Snakes and humans get along?' Well, they are shy and prefer to avoid humans, but if they feel threatened, they can bite to defend themselves. Their venom is very potent, but bites are rare because these snakes would rather hide or run away. In nature, every creature has its place, and for the Eastern Coral Snake, that place is being a quiet, colorful part of the world's amazing biodiversity.



Eastern Coral Snake

## Solve each problem.

Use	the article to answer the question.		
1)	What do Eastern Coral Snakes do several tim	es a	year?
	A. Hibernate	В.	Shed their skin
	C. Change their color	D.	Grow new fangs
2)	Where can Eastern Coral Snakes be found?		
,	A. In the rainforests of South America.	B.	In the southeastern United States.
	C. In the deserts of Africa.	D.	In the mountains of Asia.
3)	Where in their habitat do Eastern Coral Snake	es li	ke to hide?
	A. In tree branches or in bird nests	B.	Under rocks or in caves
	C. Under leaf litter or in burrows	D.	In water or in swampy areas
4)	How does a bite from an eastern coral snake a	affe	ct humans?
,	A. It is painless.		It is very dangerous.
	C. Coral snakes do not bite.		It causes temporary dizziness.
5)	What is the name for the process in which Ea	ster	n Coral Snakes remove old skin?
-)	A. Exfoliating		Molting
	C. Shedding		Peeling
6)	What is another term for the babies of Eastern	n Co	oral Snakes?
,	A. Fry.		Pups.
	C. Hatchlings.	D.	Larvae.
7)	What color are the bands on the skin of the E	aste	rn Coral Snake?
	A. Blue, green, and yellow	B.	Red, white, and blue
	C. Orange, black, and white	D.	Red, yellow, and black
8)	What technique does the Eastern Coral Snake	e use	e to eat its food?
- /	A. Grab and hold		Hide and ambush
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9)	What is the Eastern Coral Snake's favorite for	od?	
-)	A. Insects like spiders and ants.		Nuts and seeds.
	C. Small lizards and other snakes.	D.	Birds and their eggs.
10)	How does the Eastern Coral Snake catch its f	boo	9
_0)	A. By constricting its prey.		By swallowing it whole.
	C. Using its short, fixed front fangs.		By using its long, sharp teeth.
11)	What areas do Eastern Coral Snakes prefer for	or th	eir habitat?
<b>.</b> .,	A. Urban areas		Forested or marshy areas
	C. Mountainous areas		Desert areas

	Eastern Cor	al Snake	Name:
	Eustern Cor	ui Shuke	Tume.
12)	Are eastern coral snakes aggressive towards	humans?	
	A. Yes, they are often aggressive towards humans.	B. Only the females are aggre	essive
	C. Only the males are aggressive	D. No, they are shy and prefe humans.	r to avoid
13)	Why are bites from Eastern Coral Snakes ran	re?	
	A. These snakes would rather hide or run away	B. These snakes lose their far	ngs with age
	C. These snakes are friendly and prefer not to bite	D. These snakes have poor ai	m

## Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 14) "Did you know we use our fangs to grab and hold our food while injecting it with venom?"
- 15) "You'll typically find me in icy, cold regions. I adore the snow!"
- 16) "I enjoy eating a diet that mainly consists of fruits and vegetables."
- 17) "Once I grow into an adult, I never shed my skin again!"
- 18) "You could spot us from a mile away with our bright red, yellow, and black stripes."
- **19**) "When we are hungry, we like to munch on small lizards and, believe it or not, other snakes!"
- 20) "I prefer living on tree tops."
- 21) "I give live birth to my little ones. They come out wriggling and ready to explore the world."
- 22) "I have the mildest venom among snakes, harmless to humans!"
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- 24) "My venom isn't that powerful. A bite from me is similar to a bee sting."
- **25**) "Even though our venom is potent, we hardly ever bite humans because we prefer to hide or run away."
- 26) "I have large, retractable fangs that I use to catch my food."

## Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 27) Eastern Coral Snakes shed their skin several times a year.
- 28) It's interesting to watch an Eastern Coral Snake shed its skin.
- **29)** Eastern Coral Snakes prefer to hide under leaf litter or in burrows.
- **30**) Eastern Coral Snakes are beautiful creatures with their vibrant red, yellow, and black bands.
- **31**) Eastern Coral Snakes can be found in the southeastern part of the United States.
- **32)** It is disgusting that Eastern Coral Snakes will eat other snakes.
- **33**) Eastern Coral Snakes give birth to live young instead of laying eggs.
- **34)** Eastern Coral Snakes mostly live in forested or marshy areas.

#### Eastern Coral Snake

- **35**) It's impressive how the Eastern Coral Snake can hold its food and inject venom at the same time.
- **36)** It is surprising that the Eastern Coral Snake would rather hide or run away than bite humans.

#### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- 37) Eastern Coral Snakes are mostly found in the southeastern United States.
- **38)** Eastern Coral Snakes live in very tall trees in the rainforest.
- **39**) Eastern Coral Snakes live in forested or marshy areas.
- **40)** Eastern Coral Snakes are found in the northern United States.
- 41) Eastern Coral Snakes shed their skin every year.
- 42) Eastern Coral Snakes live in deserts.
- 43) Eastern Coral Snakes are very aggressive and seek out humans to bite.
- 44) Eastern Coral Snakes eat only plants.
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# Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **47)** Eastern coral snakes are great climbers and can be found in trees.
- **48)** Can eastern coral snakes swim?
- **49**) Eastern coral snakes are venomous.
- 50) Eastern coral snakes have red, yellow, and black colored bands on their bodies.
- 51) How do eastern coral snakes protect themselves?
- 52) Where do eastern coral snakes live?

		Eastern Coral S	nake	Name:	
1.	26.		51.		
2.	27.		52.		
3.	28.				
4.	29.				
5.	30.				
6.	31.				
7.	32.				
8.	33.				
9.	34.				
10.	35.				
11.	36.				
12.	37.				
13.	38.				
14.	39.				
15.	40.				
16.	41.				
17.	42.				
18.	43.				
19.	44.				
20.	45.				
21.	46.				
22.	47.				
23.	48.				
24.	49.				
25.	Reading www.Comm				
	www.Comr	nonCoreSheets.com	Page 5 of 5		

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Now, you might be thinking, 'Do Eastern Coral Snakes and humans get along?' Well, they are shy and prefer to avoid humans, but if they feel threatened, they can bite to defend themselves. Their venom is very potent, but bites are rare because these snakes would rather hide or run away. In nature, every creature has its place, and for the Eastern Coral Snake, that place is being a quiet, colorful part of the world's amazing biodiversity.



Name: Answer Key

## Solve each problem.

	the article to answer the question.		
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	A. Hibernate		Shed their skin
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2)	Where can Eastern Coral Snakes be found?		
	A. In the rainforests of South America.	В.	In the southeastern United States.
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ŕ	A. In tree branches or in bird nests	B.	Under rocks or in caves
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5)	What is the name for the process in which Ea		
	A. Exfoliating		Molting
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0)	A. Grab and hold		Hide and ambush
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•	-		
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	A. Insects like spiders and ants.		Nuts and seeds.
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		I	Eastern Coral S	nake		Name:	Answer Key
1.	В	26.	false	51.	interrogative	_	
2.	В	27.	fact	52.	interrogative		
3.	С	28.	opinion				
4.	<u> </u>	29.	fact				
5.	<u> </u>	30.	opinion				
6.	C	31.	fact				
7.	<b>D</b>	32.	opinion				
8.	A	33.	fact				
9.	C	34.	fact				
10.	C	35.	opinion				
11.	B	36.	opinion				
12.	D	37.	true				
13.	A	38.	false				
14.	true	39.	true				
15.	false	40.	false				
16.	false	41.	true				
17.	false	42.	false				
18.	true	43.	false				
19.	true	44.	false				
20.	false	45.	true				
21.	false	46.	true				
22.	false	47.	declarative				
23.	true	48.	interrogative				
24.	false	49.	declarative				
25.	true	50.	declarative				
	Reading	www.Commo	nCoreSheets.com	Page 4	of 4		

Eastern Coral Snake

Solv	e each problem.		
Use	the article to answer the question.		
1)	What do Eastern Coral Snakes do severa	l times a year? (paragraph 3)	
	A. Hibernate	B. Shed their skin	
	С.	D.	
2)	Where can Eastern Coral Snakes be four	d? (paragraph 3)	
	А.	B. In the southeastern United States.	
	C.	D.	
3)	Where in their habitat do Eastern Coral S	Snakes like to hide? (paragraph 3)	
	A. In tree branches or in bird nests	B. Under rocks or in caves	
	C. Under leaf litter or in burrows	D.	
4)	How does a bite from an eastern coral sr	ake affect humans? (paragraph 4)	
,	A. It is painless.	B. It is very dangerous.	
	C.	D.	
5)	What is the name for the process in which	h Eastern Coral Snakes remove old skin? (parag	eraph 3)
- )	A.	B. Molting	5F)
	С.	D.	
6)	What is another term for the babies of E	stern Coral Snakes? (paragraph 3)	
0)	A. Fry.	B.	
	C. Hatchlings.	D.	
7)	What color are the bands on the skin of t	he Eastern Coral Snake? (paragraph 1)	
.,	A. Blue, green, and yellow	B.	
	C.	D. Red, yellow, and black	
8)	What technique does the Eastern Coral S	make use to eat its food? (paragraph 2)	
0)	A. Grab and hold	B.	
	C.	D.	
9)	What is the Eastern Coral Snake's favori	te food? $(norregraph 2)$	
)	A. Insects like spiders and ants.	B. Nuts and seeds.	
	C. Small lizards and other snakes.	D.	
10)	How does the Eastern Coral Snake catch	its food? (convert 2)	
10)			
	<ul><li>A. By constricting its prey.</li><li>C. Using its short, fixed front fangs.</li></ul>	<ul><li>B. By swallowing it whole.</li><li>D.</li></ul>	
11)			
11)	What areas do Eastern Coral Snakes pres A. Urban areas	B. Forested or marshy areas	
	C.	D. Polested of marshy areas	
	U.	<i>D</i> .	

		Eastern Coral Snake	Name:	
12)	Are eastern coral snakes aggr	ressive towards humans? (paragraph 4)		
	А.	B. Only the fema	ales are aggressive	
	С.	D. No, they are s	hy and prefer to avoid	
		humans.		