Name:

Imagine meeting a creature that looks like a spider, but isn't quite a spider! That's a camel spider for you. These fascinating creatures have two big jaws that take up almost 1/3 of their body size, and have eight legs, just like their spider buddies. But don't be scared, they're harmless to humans and aren't as big as the Internet might have you think!

So where do these interesting critters live, you ask? Camel spiders, also known as solifuges, are found in hot desert regions around the world, including the Middle East and southwestern United States. They prefer to stay hidden during the day to avoid the



scorching sun and come out at night to hunt for food. Their food of choice? Insects, rodents, and sometimes even small birds!

Now, let's talk about the life cycle of our eight-legged desert friend. After a male and female camel spider pair up, the female lays her eggs in a burrow and guards them until they hatch. The tiny spiderlings then leave the nest to start life on their own, growing and shedding their skin several times before reaching adulthood. Unlike many spiders, camel spiders don't spin webs and prefer to chase down their prey instead.



Wondering how they get along with other creatures? Well, camel spiders are solitary creatures and don't interact much with other animals, except when they're hunting. Their big jaws are their main form of defense and are also used to catch and eat their prey. So in conclusion, camel spiders are unique creatures that are different from other spiders in many ways, such as not spinning webs and having a different lifestyle.



Camel Spiders

		140	
Solv	e each problem.		
Use	the article to answer the question.		
1)	What do camel spiders use their large jaws for	or?	
	A. Building their nests		Digging burrows
	C. Climbing trees	D.	Catching and eating their prey
2)	Where can you find camel spiders in the Unit	ed S	States?
	A. The South East	В.	The North East
	C. The North West	D.	The South West
3)	Where can you find camel spiders?		
0)	A. In hot desert regions	B.	In the forest
	C. In the Arctic regions	D.	In city areas
4)	About how large are the camel spider's jaws?		
4)	About now large are the camer spicer's Jaws? A. Twice as large as their body		Almost a 1/3 of their body
	C. The same size as their body		They don't have jaws
-			<i>.</i>
5)	How many eyes does a camel spider have?	р	S :
	A. FourC. Eight		Six Seven
	C. Eight	D.	Seven
6)	Are camel spiders harmful to humans?	_	
	A. Only males camel spiders		Only female camel spiders
	C. Yes	D.	No
7)	What is another name for camel spiders?		
	A. Desert crabs		Solifuges
	C. Scorpion spiders	D.	Sand spiders
8)	When do camel spiders come out to hunt for	food	1?
	A. At night	В.	In the morning
	C. At noon	D.	During the day
9)	What do camel spiders eat?		
-)	A. They eat seeds, nuts and legumes.	B.	They eat insects, rodents, and small
			birds.
	C. They eat plants and leaves.	D.	They don't eat and live on sunlight
			only.
10)	What forms the main defense for camel spide	ers?	
	A. Their venom		Their big jaws
	C. Their long legs	D.	Their speed

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "Building webs is my favorite pastime activity."

	Camel Spiders	Name				
<u>12</u>)	"I prefer to sit and wait for my prey rather than chasing it down."	Name:				
13)						
14)	"During daytime you won't find me walking around. I prefer to stay hidd	•				
/	heat."					
15)	"I prefer to stay around water bodies rather than desert regions."					
16)	"After waking up at night, I go hunting for juicy insects and rodents."					
17)	"Apart from hunting, I mostly keep to myself."					
18)	"I love to roam around during the day under the hot sun."					
19)	"I absolutely love cold and polar climates."					
20)	"I'm quite dangerous to humans."					
21)	"Once I lay my eggs, I leave them alone and go my own way."					
22)	"After I lay my eggs, I carefully guard them from harm until they hatch."					
23)	"Unlike my other eight-legged relatives, I don't spin webs. I prefer to cha instead."	se down my food				
24)	"While some insects like damp, cool places, give me a hot desert any day	of the week."				
25)	"My large jaws are not just for eating my prey, I also use them to defend	myself."				
26)	"My diet is primarily composed of plants and leaves."					
27)	"I grow up and shed my skin a bunch of times before I'm all grown."					
28)	"Look at my big jaws! They take up almost one-third of my body size."					
Dete	ermine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in	1 the article.				
29)	Female camel spiders lay their eggs in a burrow and protect them till they	y hatch.				
30)	The thought of a camel spider eating a small bird is terrifying.					
31)	Camel spiders avoid the sun and are more active at night.					
32)	Having such big jaws is what makes camel spiders so special.					
33)	Camel spiders have large jaws that make up almost a third of their body s	size.				
34)	Camel spiders, with their eight legs and two big jaws, look quite scary.					
35)	Unlike many other spiders, camel spiders do not spin webs.					
36)	Camel spiders can be found in desert regions around the world including and southwestern United States.	the Middle East				
37)	Their hunting technique of chasing their prey is more exciting than waiting	ng for it in a web.				
38)	Camel spiders are scarier than most other spiders.					
Dete	ermine if the statement is true or false.					
39)	Camel spiders may eat rodents.					

- **40)** The camel spiderlings stay in the burrow until they are fully grown.
- 41) Camel spiders typically only hunt at night.
- **42**) Camel spiders bites may be fatal to humans.
- **43**) Camel spiders can be found in the Middle East.

	Camel Spiders Name:
44)	Camel spiders come out during the day to hunt for food.
45)	Camel spiderlings go into a cocoon and emerge fully grown.
46)	Camel spiders capture their preys in web.
47)	Camel spider babies shed their skin as they grow.
48)	Camel spiders are not spiders.
	ermine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or erative(m).
49)	Camel spiders are nocturnal creatures.
50)	Despite their fearsome appearance, camel spiders are harmless to humans, what a relief!
51)	Camel spiders live in deserts around the world.
52)	Where do camel spiders live?

- 53) What do camel spiders eat?
- 54) The fact that a camel spider isn't actually a spider is mind-blowing!
- **55**) Camel spiders are not venomous to humans.
- **56)** Do camel spiders have venom?
- 57) Camel spiders can run up to 10 miles per hour!

		Car	mel Spiders	Name:	
1.		26	51		
2.		27			
3.		28	53		
4.		29	54		
5.		30	55		
6.		31	56		
7.		32	57		
8.		33			
9.		34			
10.		35			
11.		36			
12.		37			
13.		38			
14.		39			
15.		40			
16.		41			
17.		42.			
18.		43			
19.		44			
20.		45			
21.		46			
22.		47			
23.		48			
24.		49			
25.	Doodina	50			
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Name:

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Now, let's talk about the life cycle of our eight-legged desert friend. After a male and female camel spider pair up, the female lays her eggs in a burrow and guards them until they hatch. The tiny spiderlings then leave the nest to start life on their own, growing and shedding their skin several times before reaching adulthood. Unlike many spiders, camel spiders don't spin webs and prefer to chase down their prey instead.



Wondering how they get along with other creatures? Well, camel spiders are solitary creatures and don't interact much with other animals, except when they're hunting. Their big jaws are their main form of defense and are also used to catch and eat their prey. So in conclusion, camel spiders are unique creatures that are different from other spiders in many ways, such as not spinning webs and having a different lifestyle.

		r-40	
Solv	e each problem.		
Use	the article to answer the question.		
1)	What do camel spiders use their large jaws	for?	
	A. Building their nests		Digging burrows
	C. Climbing trees	D.	Catching and eating their prey
2)	Where can you find camel spiders in the Un	ited S	States?
	A. The South East	В.	The North East
	C. The North West	D.	The South West
3)	Where can you find camel spiders?		
	A. In hot desert regions	В.	In the forest
	C. In the Arctic regions	D.	In city areas
4)	About how large are the camel spider's jaws	;?	
	A. Twice as large as their body	B.	Almost a 1/3 of their body
	C. The same size as their body	D.	They don't have jaws
5)	How many eyes does a camel spider have?		
	A. Four	B.	Six
	C. Eight	D.	Seven
6)	Are camel spiders harmful to humans?		
	A. Only males camel spiders	B.	Only female camel spiders
	C. Yes	D.	No
7)	What is another name for camel spiders?		
	A. Desert crabs	B.	Solifuges
	C. Scorpion spiders	D.	Sand spiders
8)	When do camel spiders come out to hunt for	r food	1?
	A. At night		In the morning
	C. At noon	D.	During the day
9)	What do camel spiders eat?		
2	A. They eat seeds, nuts and legumes.	В.	They eat insects, rodents, and small birds.
	C. They eat plants and leaves.	D.	They don't eat and live on sunlight only.
10)	What forms the main defense for camel spic	lers?	
	A. Their venom	B.	Their big jaws
	C. Their long legs	D.	Their speed

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "Building webs is my favorite pastime activity."

	Camel Spiders	Name:	Answer	Key			
12)	"I prefer to sit and wait for my prey rather than chasing it down."						
13)	"As a newborn baby camel spider, I wander away from mom to set up a home of my own."						
14)							
15)	"I prefer to stay around water bodies rather than desert regions."						
16)	"After waking up at night, I go hunting for juicy insects and rodents."						
17)	"Apart from hunting, I mostly keep to myself."						
18)	"I love to roam around during the day under the hot sun."						
19)	"I absolutely love cold and polar climates."						
20)	"I'm quite dangerous to humans."						
21)	"Once I lay my eggs, I leave them alone and go my own way."						
22)	"After I lay my eggs, I carefully guard them from harm until they hatch."						
23)	"Unlike my other eight-legged relatives, I don't spin webs. I prefer to chase c instead."	lown my f	food				
24)	"While some insects like damp, cool places, give me a hot desert any day of	the week.	"				
25)	"My large jaws are not just for eating my prey, I also use them to defend mys	self."					
26)	"My diet is primarily composed of plants and leaves."						
27)	"I grow up and shed my skin a bunch of times before I'm all grown."						
28)	"Look at my big jaws! They take up almost one-third of my body size."						
Dete	ermine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the	e article.					
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33)	Camel spiders have large jaws that make up almost a third of their body size.						
34)	Camel spiders, with their eight legs and two big jaws, look quite scary.						
35)	Unlike many other spiders, camel spiders do not spin webs.						
36)	Camel spiders can be found in desert regions around the world including the and southwestern United States.	Middle E	ast				
37)	Their hunting technique of chasing their prey is more exciting than waiting f	or it in a v	web.				
38)	Camel spiders are scarier than most other spiders.						
Dete	Determine if the statement is true or false.						
39)	Camel spiders may eat rodents.						
40)	The camel spiderlings stay in the burrow until they are fully grown.						
41)	Camel spiders typically only hunt at night						

- 41) Camel spiders typically only hunt at night.
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	Camel Spiders	Name:	Answer Key
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45)	Camel spiderlings go into a cocoon and emerge fully grown.		
46)	Camel spiders capture their preys in web.		
47)	Camel spider babies shed their skin as they grow.		
48)	Camel spiders are not spiders.		
	ermine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) erative(m).	or	
49)	Camel spiders are nocturnal creatures.		
50)	Despite their fearsome appearance, camel spiders are harmless to humans, w	hat a relie	f!
51)	Camel spiders live in deserts around the world.		
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			Camel Spiders			Name:	Answer Key
1.	D	26.	false	51.	declarative		
2.	D	27.	true	52.	interrogative	_	
3.	A	28.	true	53.	interrogative	_	
4.	B	29.	fact	54.	exclamatory		
5.	<u> </u>	30.	opinion	55.	declarative		
6.	D	31.	fact	56.	interrogative		
7.	B	32.	opinion	57.	exclamatory	_	
8.	Α	33.	fact				
9.	B	34.	opinion				
10.	В	35.	fact				
11.	false	36.	fact				
12.	false	37.	opinion				
13.	true	38.	opinion				
14.	true	39.	true				
15.	false	40.	false				
16.	true	41.	true				
17.	true	42.	false				
18.	false	43.	true				
19.	false	44.	false				
20.	false	45.	false				
21.	false	46.	false				
22.	true	47.	true				
23.	true	48.	true				
24.	true	49.	declarative				
25.	true	50.	exclamatory				
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Solv	e each problem.		
	the article to answer the question. What do camel spiders use their large jaws fo	r? (p	paragraph 4)
ž	A. Building their nests C.	B.	Catching and eating their prey
2)	Where can you find camel spiders in the Unit A. C.	B.	States? (paragraph 2) The North East The South West
3)	Where can you find camel spiders? (paragraph 2) A. In hot desert regions C.	B. D.	In the forest
4)	About how large are the camel spider's jaws? A. Twice as large as their body C.		Almost a 1/3 of their body
5)	How many eyes does a camel spider have? (pa A. Four C. Eight		^{ph 1)} Six
6)	Are camel spiders harmful to humans? (paragrap A. C.	B.	Only female camel spiders No
7)	What is another name for camel spiders? (parag A. Desert crabs C.		2) Solifuges
8)	When do camel spiders come out to hunt for the A. At night C.		1? (paragraph 2) In the morning
9)	What do camel spiders eat? (paragraph 2) A. They eat seeds, nuts and legumes.		They eat insects, rodents, and small birds.
10)	C. What forms the main defense for camel spide A. C.		(paragraph 4) Their big jaws

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "Building webs is my favorite pastime activity." (paragraph 3)



12) "I prefer to sit and wait for my prey rather than chasing it down." (paragraph 3)

