



Use < or > to compare each fraction.

Anytime the numerator is the same, the number with the smaller denominator will be larger because it will have larger pieces.



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Answers

Ex. >

1. _____

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5. _____

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9. _____

10. _____

11. _____

12. _____

13. _____

14. _____

15. _____

16. _____

17. _____

18. _____

19. _____

20. _____

Ex) $\frac{3}{7} > \frac{2}{7}$

1) $\frac{1}{2} > \frac{1}{5}$

2) $\frac{1}{2} > \frac{1}{6}$

3) $\frac{1}{3} > \frac{1}{6}$

4) $\frac{6}{7} > \frac{1}{7}$

5) $\frac{3}{8} > \frac{6}{8}$

6) $\frac{1}{8} > \frac{3}{8}$

7) $\frac{2}{5} > \frac{3}{5}$

8) $\frac{2}{3} > \frac{1}{3}$

9) $\frac{2}{7} > \frac{2}{4}$

10) $\frac{2}{8} > \frac{7}{8}$

11) $\frac{1}{5} > \frac{4}{5}$

12) $\frac{1}{3} > \frac{2}{3}$

13) $\frac{3}{7} > \frac{4}{7}$

14) $\frac{1}{6} > \frac{1}{2}$

15) $\frac{1}{6} > \frac{4}{6}$

16) $\frac{6}{8} > \frac{1}{8}$

17) $\frac{3}{5} > \frac{4}{5}$

18) $\frac{1}{7} > \frac{1}{2}$

19) $\frac{2}{8} > \frac{6}{8}$

20) $\frac{5}{6} > \frac{4}{6}$

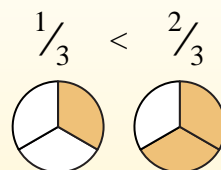


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